

M₈

od 13.1.

Průtome číselný výraz

55/6

$$A \quad (4+5) \cdot 3^2 = 9 \cdot 9 = 81$$

$$4 + 5 \cdot 3^2 = 4 + 5 \cdot 9 = 49$$

$$(4 + 5 \cdot 3)^2 = (4 + 15)^2 = 19^2 = 361$$

$$4 + (5 \cdot 3)^2 = 4 + 15^2 = 4 + 225 = 229$$

$$B \quad 2 + 4 \cdot 5^2 = 2 + 100 = 102$$

$$(2 + 4) \cdot 5^2 = 6 \cdot 25 = 150$$

$$2 + (4 \cdot 5)^2 = 2 + 400 = 402$$

$$(2 + 4 \cdot 5)^2 = 22^2 = 484$$

Průtome výraz

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$$25,4 + 81,9$$

$$3 \cdot 582$$

$$-15 + 5 \cdot (-19)$$

$$12,5 \cdot [22 + (-7)]$$

$$12,5 \cdot (-7) + 12,5 \cdot 22$$

$$3 \cdot 9 + 5$$

$$3 \cdot (9 + 5)$$

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$$(64 : 16)^2$$

$$[-6 + (-3)]^2$$

$$(-6)^2 + (-3)^2$$

$$\sqrt{225} - \sqrt{144}$$

$$(2^2)^3$$

$$5b) \left(-\frac{10}{27}\right) : \left(-\frac{25}{3}\right) = \frac{\cancel{10}^2}{\cancel{27}_9} \cdot \frac{\cancel{3}^1}{\cancel{25}_5} = \frac{2}{45}$$

$$5f) \left(-\frac{13}{18}\right) : \frac{39}{4} = -\frac{\cancel{13}^1}{\cancel{18}_9} \cdot \frac{\cancel{42}^1}{\cancel{39}_3} = -\frac{2}{27}$$

$$6b) 0,24 : \frac{12}{5} = \frac{\cancel{24}^2}{\cancel{100}_{20}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{5}^1}{\cancel{12}_1} = \frac{2}{20} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$7c) \left(-1\frac{2}{3}\right) : \frac{19}{21} = -\frac{5}{\cancel{3}_1} \cdot \frac{\cancel{21}^7}{19} = -\frac{35}{19} = -1\frac{16}{19}$$

3a)

$$\frac{2 - \frac{1}{8}}{\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{6}} = \left(2 - \frac{1}{8}\right) : \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{6}\right) = \frac{16-1}{8} : \frac{9+10}{12} =$$

$$= \frac{15}{8} : \frac{19}{12} = \frac{15}{\cancel{8}_2} \cdot \frac{\cancel{12}_3}{19} = \frac{45}{38} = \boxed{1\frac{7}{38}}$$

$$7c) \frac{\frac{2}{3} - (-2,8)}{\frac{1}{3} : \frac{5}{13}} = \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{28}{10}\right) : \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{13}{5}\right) =$$

$$= \frac{20 + 84}{30} : \frac{13}{15} = \frac{\cancel{104}^8}{\cancel{30}_2} \cdot \frac{\cancel{15}^1}{\cancel{13}_1} = \frac{8}{2} = \boxed{4}$$